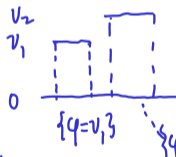


απλές συνάρτηση : παίρνει πετ. στο πλ. τις τιμές

$$\varphi \geq 0$$

$$\{v_1, \dots, v_n\} \in \overline{\mathbb{R}} : \varphi(x) = \sum_{j=1}^n v_j \mathbb{1}_{\{\varphi=v_j\}}(x)$$

$$\int \varphi = \sum_{j=1}^n v_j m\{\varphi=v_j\}$$

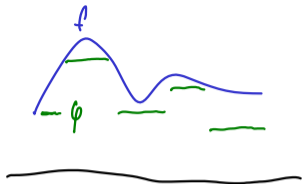


$$0 < v_1 \in \mathbb{R} \quad m\{\varphi=v_1\} = +\infty \quad \longrightarrow \quad \int \varphi = +\infty$$

$$v_1 = +\infty \quad m\{\varphi = +\infty\} > 0$$

$$\text{Av } \int \varphi < \infty \implies m\{\varphi = +\infty\} = 0$$

$$\forall \int \varphi < \infty \Rightarrow \varphi \in \mathbb{R} \text{ G.P.}$$



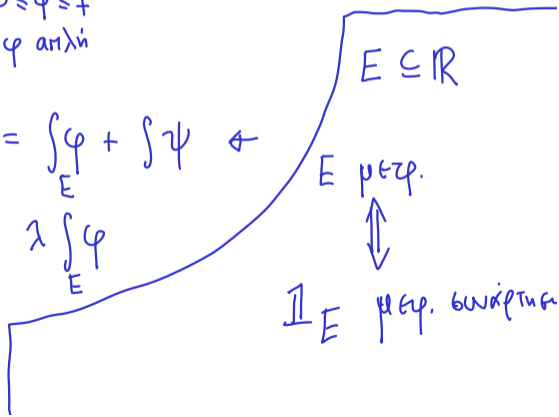
$$f \geq 0 : \int f = \sup_{\substack{0 \leq \varphi \leq f \\ \varphi \text{ απλ\iota}}} \int \varphi$$

$$\varphi, \psi \text{ απλ\iota} : \int_E \varphi + \psi = \int_E \varphi + \int_E \psi \quad \Leftarrow$$

$$\int_E \lambda \varphi = \lambda \int_E \varphi$$

$$\int_E f \stackrel{\text{op.}}{=} \int f \cdot \mathbb{1}_E$$

$E \dots \mu \text{ε}\varphi.$



Λήμμα Fatou:  $0 \leq f_n$  μετρήσιμα. Τότε

$$\int \liminf f_n \leq \liminf \int f_n$$

---

$$\liminf a_n \stackrel{\mathbb{R}}{\cup} = \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \left( \inf_{k \geq n} a_k \right) \text{ υπάρχει πάντα}$$

$\wedge$   $\dots b_n \uparrow$

$$\limsup a_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \left( \sup_{k \geq n} a_k \right) \text{ υπάρχει}$$

$\liminf a_n \leq \limsup a_n$  : Υπάρχει το  $\lim a_n \Leftrightarrow \liminf a_n = \limsup a_n$

$$g_n(x) = \inf_{k \geq n} f_k(x)$$

$$\liminf f_n = \underline{\lim} f_n = \lim g_n$$

$g_n(x) \uparrow$  ακολουθία

$$g_n(x) \uparrow \underline{\lim} f_n(x)$$

Αρκεί να δείξουμε ότι, αν  $\varphi$  αριθμ με  $0 \leq \varphi \leq \underline{\lim} f_n$ ,

τότε

$$\int \varphi \leq \underbrace{\underline{\lim} \int f_n}_F$$

$$\sup_{\varphi} \int \varphi = \int (\underline{\lim} f_n) \leq F$$

$$0 \leq \varphi \leq \lim f_n = \lim g_n \quad \Rightarrow \quad \int \varphi \leq \lim \int f_n$$

A.  $\int \varphi = +\infty$

B.  $\int \varphi < \infty$

$\int \varphi = +\infty \xRightarrow{\text{δίλω}} \lim \int f_n = +\infty$

Ισχυρισμός  
Για κάποιο  $\alpha > 0$  το  $m\{\varphi > \alpha\} = \infty$ .

$$\varphi = \sum_{j=1}^n v_j \mathbb{1}_{\{\varphi = v_j\}}$$

$$\int \varphi = \sum_{j=1}^n v_j m\{\varphi = v_j\} \neq 0$$

n.x.  $v_1 m\{\varphi = v_1\} = +\infty$

$\underbrace{v_1 = +\infty}$  ή  $\underbrace{m\{\varphi = v_1\} = +\infty}$   
 $\alpha \text{ επιλέγω } = v_1/2$

$$\varphi = \infty \cdot \mathbb{1}_A + \dots$$

$$\varphi' = \underbrace{M}_{\dots} \mathbb{1}_A$$

$$\varphi \leq \underline{\lim} f_n \quad \text{if } \varphi = +\infty \Rightarrow m\{\varphi > \alpha\} = +\infty \quad (\text{καίτοι } \alpha > 0)$$

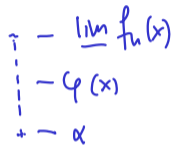
$$\underline{\lim} f_n = +\infty$$

$$g_n = \inf_{k \geq n} f_k \quad \uparrow \quad \underline{\lim} f_n$$

$$A = \{\varphi > \alpha\}$$

$$A_n = \{g_n > \alpha\}$$

$$\Rightarrow A \subseteq \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n$$



$$x \in A \Rightarrow \exists n : x \in A_n$$

$$\varphi(x) > \alpha \Rightarrow \exists n : g_n(x) > \alpha \quad \text{---} \quad +\infty = m(A) \leq m\left(\bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n\right) = \underline{\lim}_n m(A_n)$$

$$A_n \subseteq A_{n+1} : g_n(x) > \alpha \Rightarrow g_{n+1}(x) > \alpha$$

$$m(A_n) \rightarrow +\infty$$

$$\int f_n \geq \int g_n \geq \int_{A_n} g_n \geq \int_{A_n} \alpha = \alpha m(A_n)$$

$A_n = \{g_n > \alpha\}$

$$f_n \geq g_n = \inf_{k \geq n} f_k$$

$$0 \leq f \leq g \Rightarrow \int f \leq \int g$$

$$\sup \int \varphi$$

$\varphi \leq f \leq g$

$$\underline{\lim} \int f_n \geq \underline{\lim} \alpha m(A_n) = +\infty$$

$$0 \leq f, E : \int_E f \leq \int f$$

$$\int \underline{\lim} f_n \leq \underline{\lim} \int f_n$$

$$\int_E f = \int \mathbb{1}_E f, \quad \mathbb{1}_E f \leq f$$

•  $0 \leq \varphi \leq \liminf f_n$   $\partial \in \lambda \omega$   $\int \varphi \leq \liminf \int f_n$   $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} g_n = \inf_{k \geq n} f_k \uparrow \liminf f_n > \varphi \\ \int \varphi < \infty \end{array} \right.$

$\int \varphi < \infty$   $B = \{ \varphi > 0 \} = \text{supp } \varphi \Rightarrow m(B) < \infty$

Αν  $0 < \nu_1 < \nu_2 < \dots < \nu_n$  οι τιμές του  $\varphi$  τότε

στο  $B$   $\varphi \geq \nu_1$ , άρα  $\infty > \int \varphi \geq \int_B \varphi \geq \int_B \nu_1 = \nu_1 m(B)$

Παίρνω  $\theta \in (0, 1)$  και ορίζω

$B_n = \{ g_n > \theta \varphi \}$   $B_{n+1} \supseteq B_n$  (αύξουσα)  
(γιατί  $g_{n+1} \geq g_n$ )

$B \subseteq \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n$  :  $x \in B \Rightarrow \exists n : x \in B_n$  :  $\varphi(x) > 0 \Rightarrow \exists n : g_n(x) > \theta \varphi(x)$

$\liminf f_n > \theta \varphi$   
 $\uparrow$

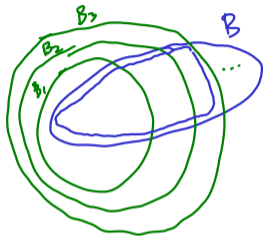


$$B \setminus B_n \downarrow$$

$$\text{kai } \bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} (B \setminus B_n) = \emptyset$$

$$m(B) < \infty$$

$$m(B \setminus B_n) < \infty$$



$$0 = m \left( \bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} (B \setminus B_n) \right) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} m(B \setminus B_n)$$

$$m(B \setminus B) \xrightarrow{n} 0$$

$A \cap B = \emptyset$	$1_{A \cup B} = 1_A + 1_B$
$\int_{A \cup B} \varphi = \int_A \varphi + \int_B \varphi$	

$$\int f_n \geq \int g_n \geq \int_{B_n} g_n \geq \int_{B_n} \theta \varphi = \theta \int_{B_n} \varphi = \theta \left( \int_B \varphi - \int_{B \setminus B_n} \varphi \right)$$

$$= \theta \int \varphi - \theta \int_{B \setminus B_n} \varphi \geq \theta \int \varphi - \theta \int M = \theta \int \varphi - \theta \cdot M \cdot m(B \setminus B_n)$$

$$M = \max \varphi(x)$$

$$\int f_n \geq \theta \int \varphi - \underbrace{\theta \cdot M \cdot \overbrace{m(B \setminus B_n)}^{\rightarrow \infty}}$$

$$\liminf \int f_n \geq \theta \int \varphi - \underbrace{\liminf \theta \cdot M \cdot m(B \setminus B_n)}_{= 0}$$

$$\liminf \int f_n \geq \theta \int \varphi \quad \forall \theta < 1$$



$$\liminf \int f_n \geq \int \varphi \quad \#$$

Θ Μονότονος συγκλιών  $0 \leq f_n \uparrow f$  [ $f_n(x) \nearrow f(x), \forall x$ ]

Τότε  $\lim \int f_n = \int f = \int \lim f_n$

$f_n(x) \leq f(x) \Rightarrow \int f_n \leq \int f \Rightarrow \lim \int f_n \leq \int f$

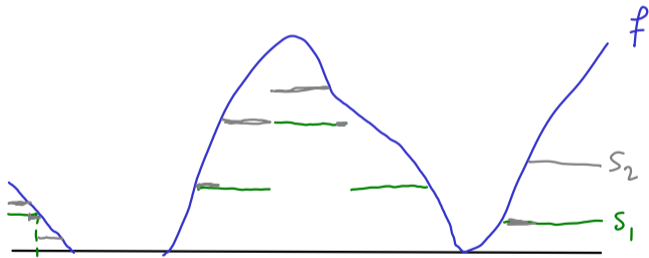
Λ. Fatou  $\int f = \int \liminf f_n \leq \liminf \int f_n = \lim \int f_n$

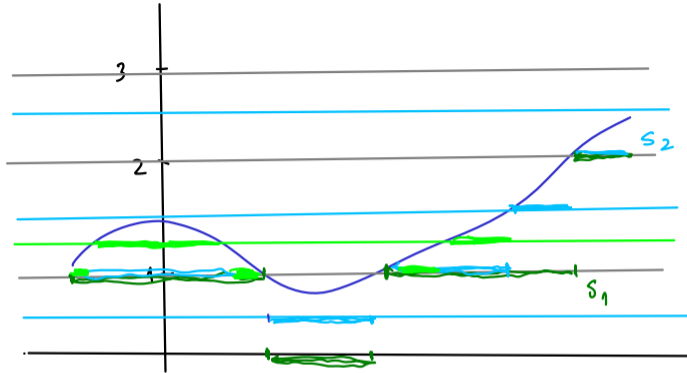
$\int f \leq \lim \int f_n$

Θ  $f \geq 0$  μ.ε.φ. Υπάρχουν απλές  $s_n(x)$ ,  $s_{n+1}(x) \geq s_n(x)$

και  $s_n(x) \nearrow f(x)$ ,  $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}$ .

— σε αυτή την περίπτωση  $\int s_n \rightarrow \int f$  (2. Μονότονος σύρξιμος)





$$S_2(x) = \begin{cases} S_1(x) \\ S_1(x) + \frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$S_2(x) \geq S_1(x)$$

$$S_1 \rightarrow 1$$

$$S_2 \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$$

$$S_3 \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}$$

$$S_n \rightarrow \frac{1}{2^{n-1}}$$

$$S_n(x) = \frac{k(x)}{2^{n-1}}$$

$$S_{n+1}(x) \geq S_n(x)$$

о́ттоу

$$\begin{array}{c} \uparrow kH/2^{n-1} \\ \bullet k'/2^n \\ \downarrow k/2^{n-1} = 2k/2^n \end{array}$$

$$f(x) \in \left[ \frac{k(x)}{2^{n-1}}, \frac{k(x)+1}{2^{n-1}} \right) \Rightarrow S_n(x) \leq f(x)$$

$$0 \leq f(x) - S_n(x) < \frac{1}{2^{n-1}}$$

$0 \leq f, g$  μετρ.

Τότε

$$\int f + g = \int f + \int g$$

$0 \leq s_n \uparrow f$   
αρχής  
 $0 \leq t_n \uparrow g$

$s_n + t_n$  αρχής

$s_n + t_n \uparrow$

$s_n + t_n \nearrow f + g$

Από 2. Μ. Σ.

$\int s_n \rightarrow \int f$

+

$\int t_n \rightarrow \int g$

$\int t_n + s_n \rightarrow \int f + g$

Ολοκλ. Riemann

$f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ , φραγμένη

$$\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x}} \stackrel{\text{ορ.}}{=} \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \int_{\varepsilon}^1 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x}}$$

κάτω Riemann άδεια

$$\sum_{k=0}^{n-1} (x_{k+1} - x_k) \cdot \inf_{[x_k, x_{k+1}]} f$$

κάτω R. άδ.  $\leq$  άνω R. άδ.

